

# A Novel Splice Variant of BCAS1 That Promotes Glioblastoma Cell Proliferation and Migration via Dynein-Mediated Pathway

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**Abstract**—Breast carcinoma amplified sequence 1 (*BCAS1*) is a candidate oncogene and forms stable homodimers. *BCAS1* was found to be high relative transcript levels in brain, prostate, and some cancer cell lines. Glioblastoma (GBM) is incurable and the most aggressive primary brain tumor. Here, we identified a novel splicing variant of *BCAS1*, named *BCAS1-SV1*, with an in-frame addition of 202 bases (66 codons) including exon 6B and exon 12B, and deletion of 108 bases (36 codons) including the entire exon 8 and exon 10 of the *BCAS1* gene in GBM. Expression of *BCAS1-SV1* is weak in normal brain cells but is high in GBM and some other cancer cells. *BCAS1-AS1* can associated with *BCAS1* to form homodimers or heterodimers. Overexpression of *BCAS1-AS1* significantly increases proliferation and migration of GBM cells. RNAi-mediated knockdown of *BCAS1-AS1* expression significantly decreases proliferation and migration of GBM cells. Using microarray analysis, data indicated > 50 genes to be differentially expressed in *BCAS1-SV1*-expressing compared with *BCAS1*-expression GBM cells. Moreover, we showed that dynein, a cytoskeleton-associated gene, to be required for the proliferation and migration phenotype of GBM cells, interact with *BCAS1-AS1* but not with *BCAS1* by yeast-two hybrid assay. Blocking expression of dynein completely abrogated effects of *BCAS1-AS1* overexpression on proliferation and migration of GBM cells. This study provides the first evidence that a novel gain-of-function *BCAS1* splice variant promotes proliferation and migration of GBM cells via dynein-mediated pathway and opens up a new research perspective on the role of the *BCAS1* in malignancy.

**Keywords**—Alternative splicing, *BCAS1*, dynein, glioblastoma.

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