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## P-37 Ethanol modified Supercritical Carbon Dioxide Extraction of α-eleostearic Acid Enriched Oil from Bitter Gourd Seed and Antioxidative Activity

Wang, Ya-Hung <sup>1)</sup>, Chao, Pei-Ming <sup>1)</sup>, Chang, Chieh-Ming <sup>2)</sup>, Wu, Jia-Jiuan <sup>1)</sup> \*

Department of Nutrition, China Medical University, Taichung, Taiwan

Department of Chemical Engineering, National Chung Hsing, Taichung, Taiwan,

\* Corresponding author, e-mail: jjwu@mail.cmu.edu.tw

## Abstract

The α-eleostearic acid (α-ESA) rich in bitter gourd seeds is a kind of conjugated linolenic acid (CLN), which possesses ability of reducing body fat, inhibition of lipid peroxidation, and antioxidative activity. This study investigated total yield, recovery of triglycerides concentration and a-ESA concentration in the extracts and their antioxidative activities. n-Hexane Soxhlet extraction at 4, 8, 16 hours and SC-CO2 extractions at a fixed temperature (40°C) and pressure (350 bar) were subjected to shelled and de-shelled bitter gourd seeds. Response surface methodology with a central composite design was employed in examinig effects of co-solvent addition and solvent to solid ratio (SSR) on the total yield (TY), concentration of triglyerides (C<sub>TG</sub>), recovery of triglycerides (R<sub>TG</sub>), concentration of α-ESA (C<sub>ESA</sub>), free radical scavenging (DPPH) and concentration of total phenols (C<sub>phenol</sub>) in the extracts. SSR ranged from 80 to 100, ethanol additions ranged from 0 to 40 g. The analysis of antioxidative activity was studied by a 2, 2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) radical-scavenging assay. Experimental results showed that the highest values of TY, C<sub>TG</sub>, R<sub>TG</sub>, C<sub>ESA</sub>, DPPH, C<sub>phenol</sub> in the 8-hr Soxhlet extract were 57.5%, 888.8 mg/g, 100%, 648.5 mg/g, 46.9%, and 208.3 mg/g, respectively. The ethanol modified SC-CO2 extractions present the highest DPPH scavenging ability and the highest total phenol content, which is better than that of Soxhlet extractions. This study demonstrated that the SC-CO2 extraction of α-eleostearic acid from bitter gourd seeds is feasible and sustainable in the development of health food from natural materials.

Keywords Bitter gourd seed oil,  $\alpha$ -eleostearic acid, supercritical carbon dioxide extraction, free radical scavenging ability