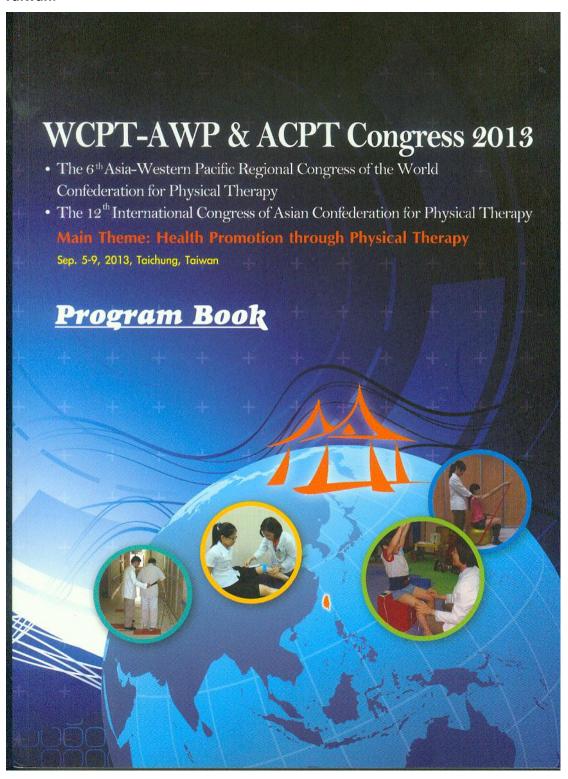
Yueh-Ling Hsieh*, Chen-Chia Yang, Pei-Lin Chang. Low-Level Laser Reduces Inflammation-Induced Cox-2 And P53 Accumulation In Rats With Chronic Nerve Constriction Injury. WCPT-AWP & ACPT Congress 2013. Sep. 5-9, 2013, Taichung, Taiwan.



Contents

Welcome Message
About WCPT-AWP 8
About ACPT9
Organizers and Committees
General Information
Hospital Visit
Exhibitors
Workshop
Keynote Speakers
Symposia and Oral Presentations
Saturday, Sep. 7, 2013
Sunday, Sep. 8, 2013
Poster Session
About Taiwan
About Taichung81
Acknowledgements
Author Index83
Floor Plan

Program at a Glance

Neurologica	al system
	SHORT TERM EFFECT OF WHOLE BODY VIBRATION ON POSTURAL CONTROL IN HEALTHY
II-P125	YOUNGER AND OLDER SUBJECTS
	<u>Shu-Chun Lee</u> , Di J Newham, David A Green
II-P126	BALANCE AND MOBILITY AFTER PHYSICAL-EXERCISES IN PRESBYASTASIS PATIENTS
	Hsiao-Yun Hu, Ming-Hsia Hu, Li-Chou Chen, Ai-Wen Huang, Heui-Fen Lin, Shiun-Jeng Lin,
	Shu-Fang Hsiao, Yi-Ho Young
II-P127	EFFECTS OF THE SHORT AND MEDIUM LATENCY REFLEX RESPONSES DURING SOLEUS
	STRETCHING WITH THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE MALLEOLUS AND ACHILLES' TENDON
	VIBRATIONS IN HUMAN STANDING
	Masahiro Sakita, Shinichiro Murakami, Takafumi Saito, Shuzo Kumagai
II P128	MAXIMUM WALKING SPEED AT HOSPITAL DISCHARGE PREDICTS INDEPENDENT
	COMMUNITY AMBULATION IN CHRONIC STROKE PATIENTS
	Hajime Miura, Atsuhiko Matsunaga, Shinobu Shimizu, Yuta Ichinosawa, Kazuhiko Shibata,
	Shuhei Yamamoto, Ryota Shimose, Hideki Miyokawa, Norihito Kabe, Kousuke Shimamura
II-P129	DEVELOPMENT OF A LIGHT APPARATUS FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF FINE PREHENSION
	FORCE IN STROKE PATIENTS
	Yuichi Hiramatsu, Daisuke Kimura, Hiroshige Jinnouchi, Koji Kadota, Taro Ito,
	Hiroshi Kinoshita
	COMPARISON OF EFFECTS OF WEIGHT MOVEMENT TRAINING ON STABLE SUPPORT
	GROUND AND UNSTABLE SUPPORT GROUND ON PROPRIOCEPTION OF CHRONIC STROKE
II-P130	PATIENTS
	Myung-chul Kim, Seul-ki Han, Heung-won Seo, Na-ra Ha, Seung-kyun Kim,
	Seung-hyein Song, Min-soo Lee, Chung-joa Ahn
	THE EFFECT OF PROPRIOCEPTIVE SENSE EXERCISE PROGRAM IN AQUA AND GROUND FOR
II-P131	CHRONIC STROKE PATIENT
	<u>Seul-Ki Han,</u> Chang-Sik Ahn, Myung-Chul Kim
	LOW-LEVEL LASER REDUCES INFLAMMATION-INDUCED COX-2 AND P53 ACCUMULATION
II-P132	IN RATS WITH CHRONIC NERVE CONSTRICTION INJURY
	Yueh-Ling Hsieh, Chen-Chia Yang, Pei-Lin Chang
II-P133	A COMPARISON OF THE EFFECT OF KNEE-ANKLE-FOOT ORTHOSIS AND
	ANKI F-FOOT-ORTHOSIS ON ANKI F IOINT MOTION DURING GAIT
	Tomoko Masuda, Masaharu Yoshio
II-P134	THERAPEUTIC ULTRASOUND COMBINED WITH TRANSPLANTATION OF MESENCHYMAL
	STEM CELLS POTENTIALLY INDUCES GRANULOMATOUS INFLAMMATION IN A SCIATIC
	NERVE CRUSH MODEL
	Yueh-Ling Hsieh, Chen-Chia Yang, Ya-Chien Fan
II-P135	EFFECTS OF FUNCTIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM IN THE PATIENT OF CO INTOXICATION
	WITH DELAYED EFFECTS: A CASE REPORT
	<u>Yu-Ying Yen</u> , Chieh-Chie Chia, Wen-Chin Chang
	IMMEDIATE EFFECTS OF FES ON KINETICS AND OXYGENATION IN CORTICES DURING GAIT
II-P136	IN STROKE PATIENTS
	Masafumi Kubota, Osamu Yamamura, Tomoko Kamisawa, Chiaki Igarashi, Ilideaki
	Matsuo, Hiroaki Naruse, Seiichiro Shimada, Ryu Kato, Hiroshi Yokoi, Kenzo Uchida,
	Hisatoshi Baba

II-P132

LOW-LEVEL LASER REDUCES INFLAMMATION-INDUCED COX-2 AND P53 ACCUMULATION IN RATS WITH CHRONIC NERVE CONSTRICTION INJURY

Yueh-Ling Hsieh1*, Chen-Chia Yang2, Pei-Lin Chang1

ABSTRACT

Background and Purpose: Nerve inflammation is plays an important role in the development and progression of neuropathic pain after chronic constrictive injury (CCI). Among the therapeutic approaches to attenuate inflammation and increase tissue repair, low-level laser therapy (LLLT) may be a safe and effective clinical procedure. The aim of this study was to evaluate the effects of LLLT on inflammatory mediators, COX-2 and tumour suppressor protein p53 (p53), produced during a CCI of sciatic nerve in rats.

Materials/Methods: Sprague-Dawley rats were randomly divided into four groups: CCI with LLLT (CL group), CCI with sham-LLLT (CsL group), sham-CCI with LLLT (sCL group) and sham-CCI with sham-LLLT (sCsL group). The injured region was irradiated daily for 1, 2 and 3 weeks, starting at the 7th day after CCI surgery using a GaAlAs laser (continuous wave, 660 nm, tip area of 0.2 cm², power 30 mW, application time 60 seconds, energy density 9 J/cm²). The animals were sacrificed after treatments and then sciatic nerve segments were harvested. Effects of LLLT in CCI animals were determined by pain behavioral assessments, histopathological examination, and Western blot immunoassays for COX-2 and p53.

Results: In CL group, the paw withdrawal threshold was significant improved after LLLT treatment. The CCI-induced accumulations of COX-2 and p53 were also suppressed by LLLT.

Conclusions and Clinical Relevance: LLLT modulates neuropathic pain and inflammation by reducing the inflammation-induced accumulations of COX-2 and p53. Findings suggest that LLLT as a conservative treatment is effective in treating neuropathic pain and peripheral neuropathy.

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