Abstract #243 / Poster #6

AN ALTERNATIVE THERAPEUTIC APPROACH TO THE TREATMENT OF OVARIAN CANCER

Ming-Ching Kao^{1,4,*}, Ya-Ling Chan¹, Huei-Hua Liao¹, Yi-Jen Lee², Chien-Chih Ou³, Jah-Yao Liu⁴

¹Department of Biological Science and Technology, College of Life Sciences, China Medical University, Taichung, Taiwan; ²Graduate Institute of Medical Sciences and Department of Biochemistry, National Defense Medical Center, Taipei, Taiwan; National Defense Medical Center, Taipei, Taiwan; ³Sinphar Group R&D Center, Sinphar Group, Yilan, Taiwan; ⁴Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Tri-Service General Hospital, Taipei, Taiwan, ROC

Ovarian cancer is the leading cause of death among gynecologic malignancies. About 75% of ovarian cancers are diagnosed at late stages. Its cure rate is only 5-10 %. The chemotherapeutic drugs present effective anti-tumor effects in the early stages of chemotherapy, although serious chemoresistance followed by tumor progression and metastasis are responsible for its recurrence and treatment failure. Therefore, development of new strategies and/or new drugs against ovarian cancer is urgently needed. Among the new strategies, traditional Chinese medicine (TCM) may be one of the best choices for the treatment of ovarian cancer in terms of safety. We have discovered that the TCM formula of Four-Agents-Decoction (FAD; also known as Si-Wu-Tang, SWT) has growth suppression effect on human ovarian cancer cells. Although FAD has been used for centuries as a remedy for nourishing blood, regulating menstruation and relieving pains in Asian countries, it may also have anti-tumor effect on ovarian cancer based on our experimental results. The growth suppression effect on human ovarian cancer cells has also been confirmed via an animal model. Our results may provide an alternative therapeutic approach to the treatment of ovarian cancer.

Keywords: Ovarian Cancer, Four-Agents-Decoction, chemotherapy