

Evidence-Based Decision Making in Head and Neck Free Flap Reconstruction

頭頸部游離皮瓣重建之實證臨床決策

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Most surgeons practice head and neck free flap reconstruction based on what they learned in training. Techniques may be altered as a surgeon monitors his/her complications and personal outcomes. A 73-year-old man with an enlarging left oral ulcer was referred to you from the otolaryngology clinic for immediate free flap reconstruction to accompany tumor wide excision and neck dissection. The patient had been in his usual state of health, with diabetes mellitus and chronic carrier state in hepatitis B infection. He smoked 2 packs of cigarettes per day for 30 years, chewed more than 10 betel quids per day for 30 years, and drank alcohol occasionally. What is the best evidence to guide you in the management of his condition? This presentation is prepared to accompany practice-based assessment of preoperative assessment, surgical treatment plan, perioperative and postoperative management.

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